



NORWEGIAN PETROLEUM
DIRECTORATE
50 years

CO2 Atlas Developments and CO2 Storage Achievements

Erik Nilsen Rundell, Norwegian Petroleum Directorate





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NPDs main objective

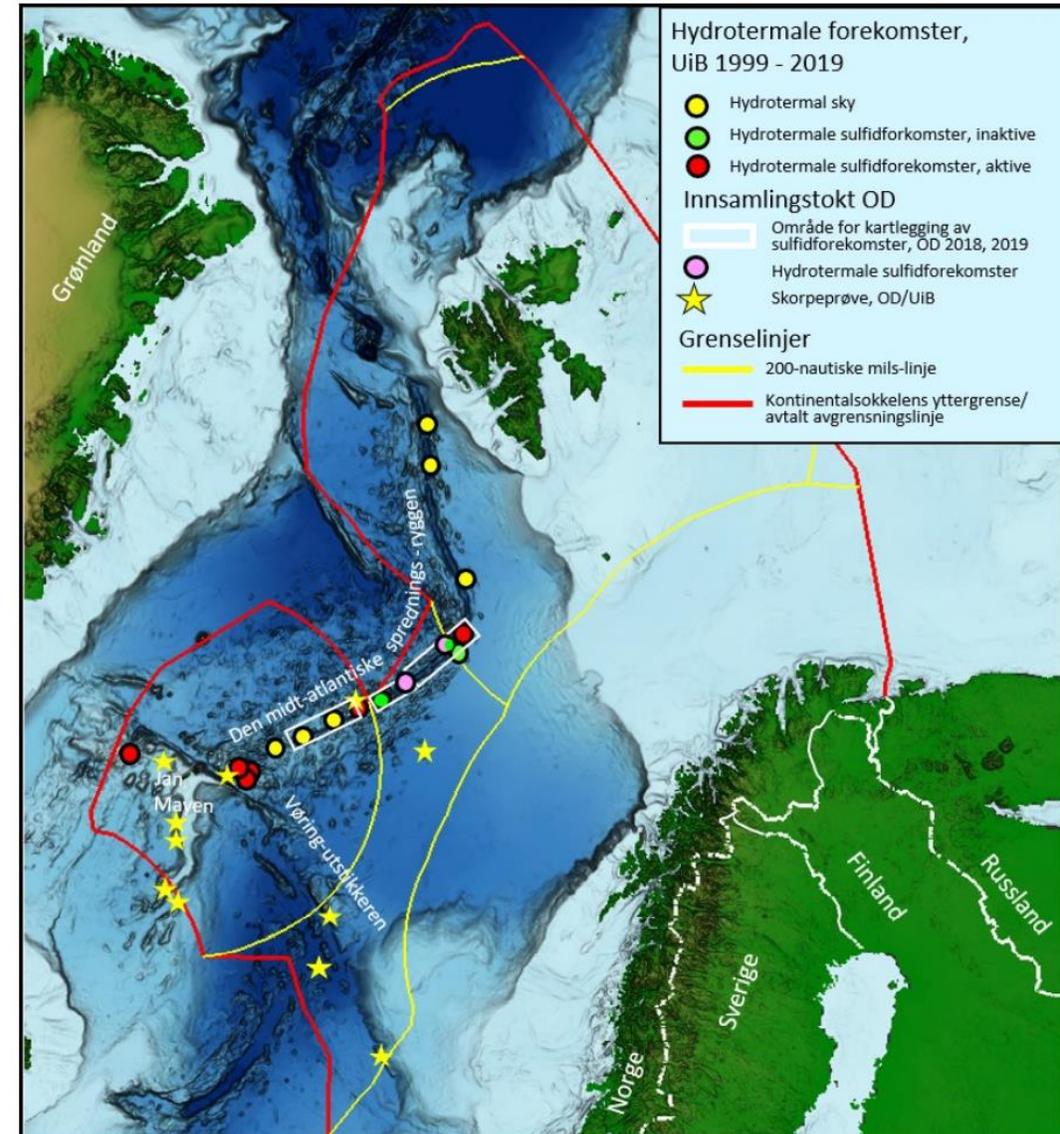
Greatest possible value creation for the norwegian society from the petroleum resources, taken into account Health, Safety, Environment and other users of the sea



YEAR SUMMARY

COMPANY STATISTICS

Seabed minerals



Professional adviser to the
Ministry of Petroleum and Energy.

National responsibility for the data
from the Norwegian continental shelf.

Follow-up the petroleum activities in
cooperation with other authorities.

Driving force for realising the resource
potential through a strategic Norwegian
continental shelf perspective.

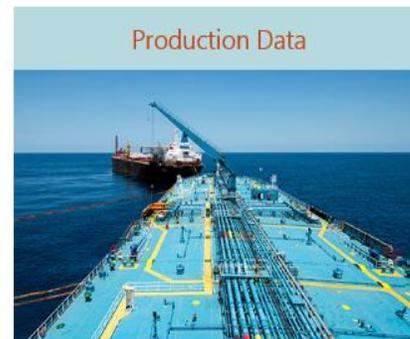
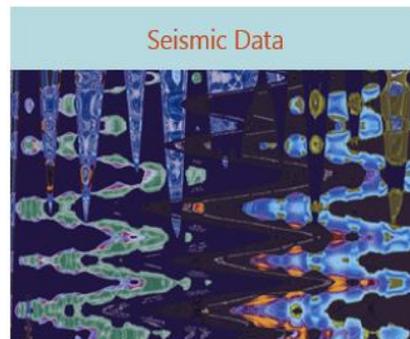
NPD's objective is to contribute to the greatest possible values for Norwegian society from the oil and gas activities through efficient and responsible resource management where health, safety, the environment and other users of the sea are taken into consideration.

Diskos – the contents



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Søk...



Access to data from the petroleum industry



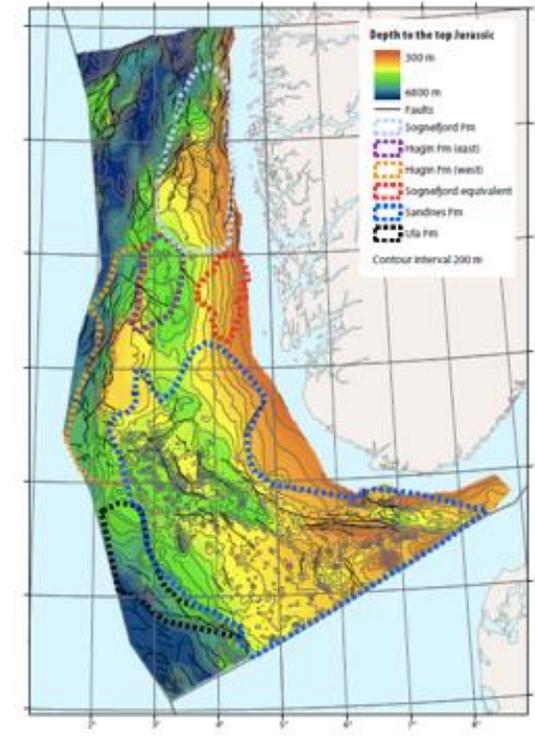
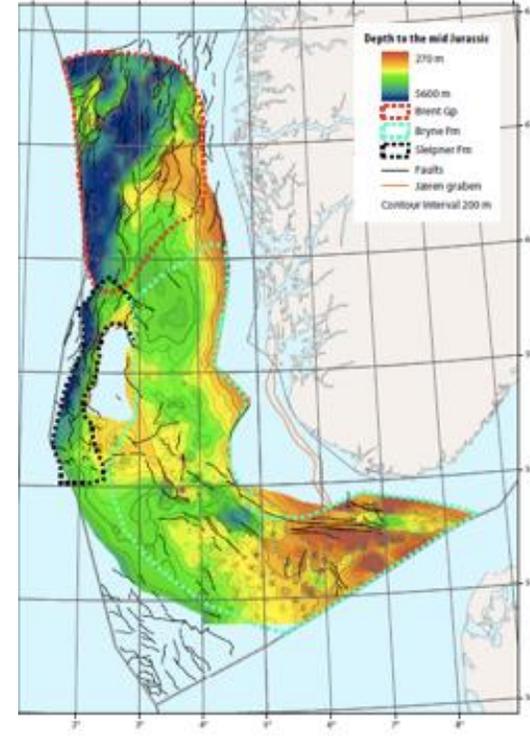
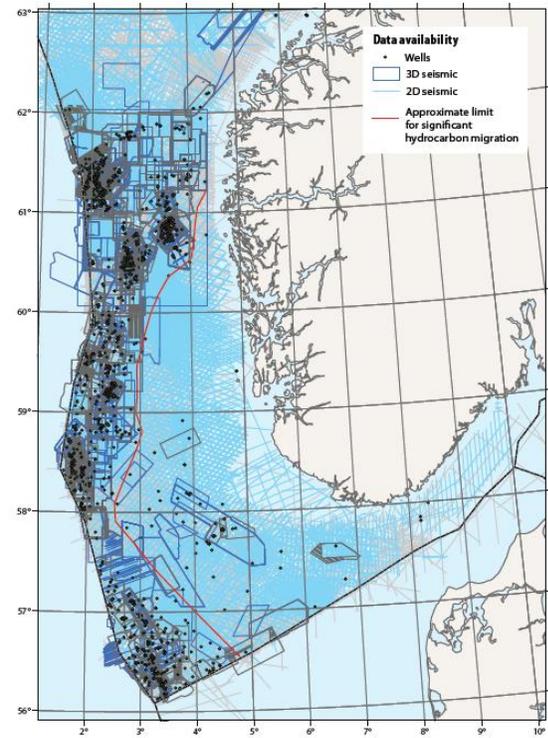
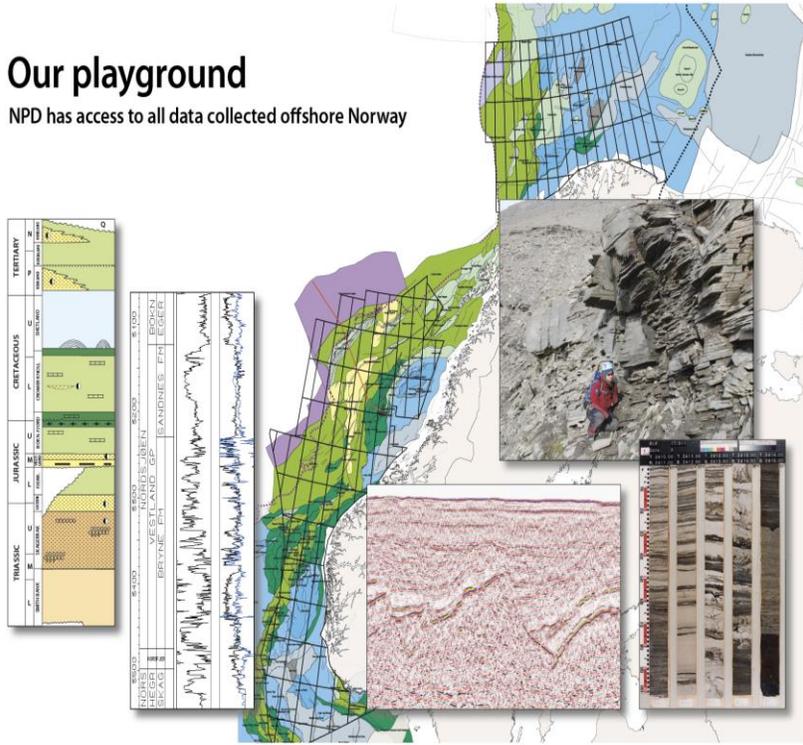
Comprehensive assessments based on 26 years of experience storing CO₂ and more than 50 years of experience with petroleum activity

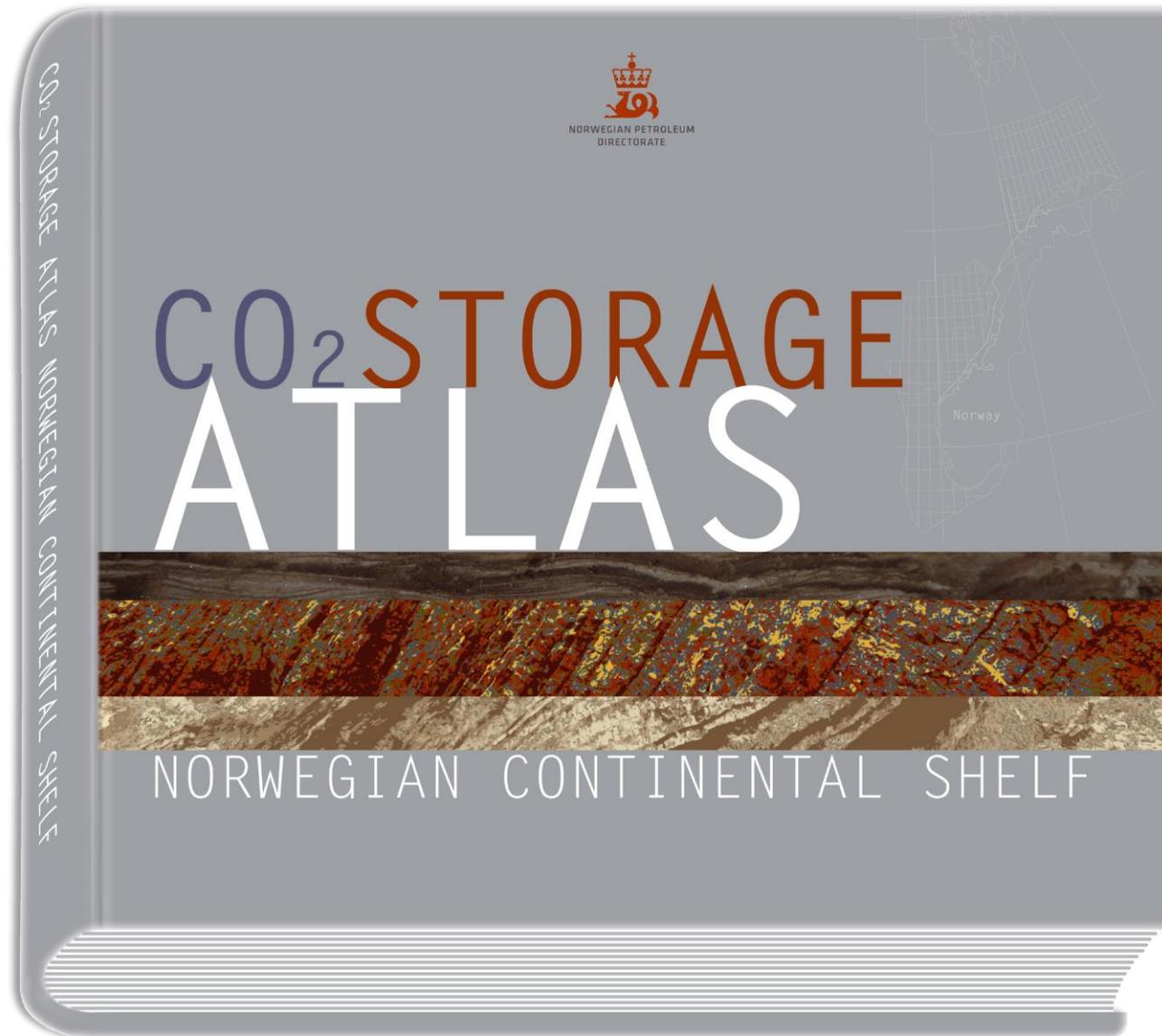
2D and 3D seismic data

The upper and middle Jurassic forms the basis of many of the depth and thickness maps of assessed geological formations

Our playground

NPD has access to all data collected offshore Norway





Open link, download for free: <https://www.npd.no/fakta/co2-handtering-ccs/>

CHARACTERIZATION OF AQUIFERS AND STRUCTURES

Criteria

Definitions, comments

Reservoir quality

Capacity, communicating volumes

3

Large calculated volume, dominant high scores in checklist

2

Medium - low estimated volume, or low score in some factors

1

Dominant low values, or at least one score close to unacceptable

Injectivity

3

High value for permeability * thickness (k*h)

2

Medium k*h

1

Low k*h

Sealing quality

Seal

3

Good sealing shale, dominant high scores in checklist

2

At least one sealing layer with acceptable properties

1

Sealing layer with uncertain properties, low scores in checklist

Fracture of seal

3

Dominant high scores in checklist

2

Insignificant fractures (natural / wells)

1

Low scores in checklist

Other leak risk

Wells

3

No previous drilling in the reservoir / safe plugging of wells

2

Wells penetrating seal, no leakage documented

1

Possible leaking wells / needs evaluation

Data coverage

Good data coverage

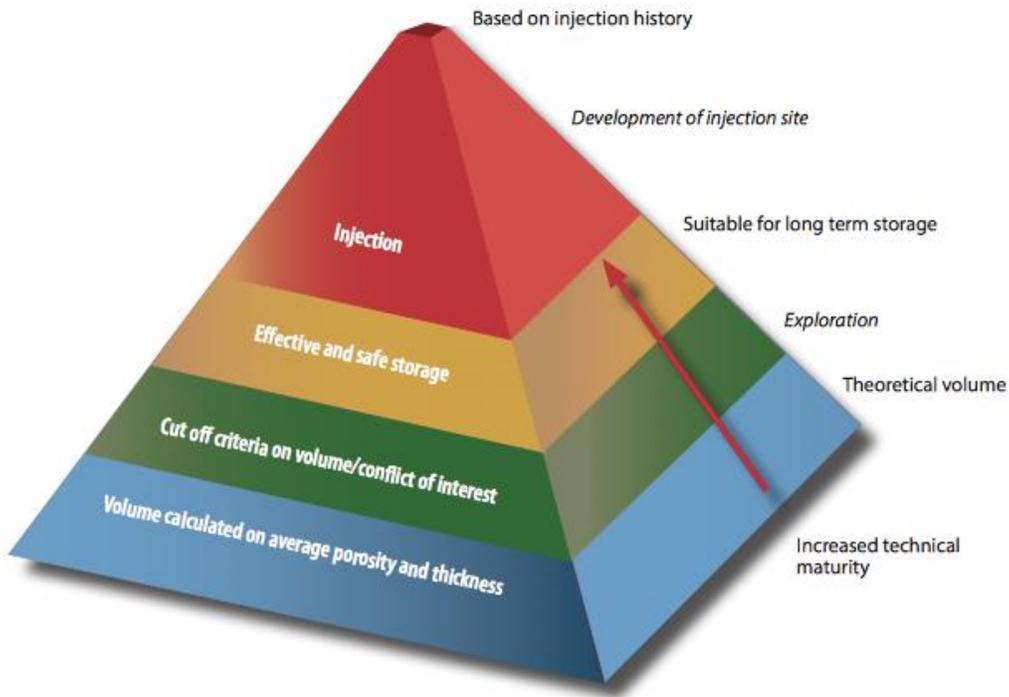
Limited data coverage

Poor data coverage

Other factors:

How easy / difficult to prepare for monitoring and intervention. The need for pressure relief. Possible support for EOR projects. Potential for conflicts with future petroleum activity.

NPD's maturation pyramid



- Step 4** is the phase when CO₂ is injected in the reservoir. Throughout the injection period, the injection history is closely evaluated and the experience gained provides further guidance on the reservoirs' ability and capacity to store CO₂.
- Step 3** refers to storage volumes where trap, reservoir and seal have been mapped and evaluated in terms of regulatory and technical criteria to ensure safe and effective storage.
- Step 2** is the storage volume calculated when areas with possible conflicts of interest with the petroleum industry have been removed. Only aquifers and prospects of reasonable size and quality are evaluated. Evaluation is based on relevant available data.
- Step 1** is the volume calculated on average porosity and thickness. This is done in a screening phase that identifies possible aquifers suitable for storage of CO₂. The theoretical volume is based on depositional environment, diagenesis, bulk volume from area and thickness, average porosity, permeability and net/gross values.

Results

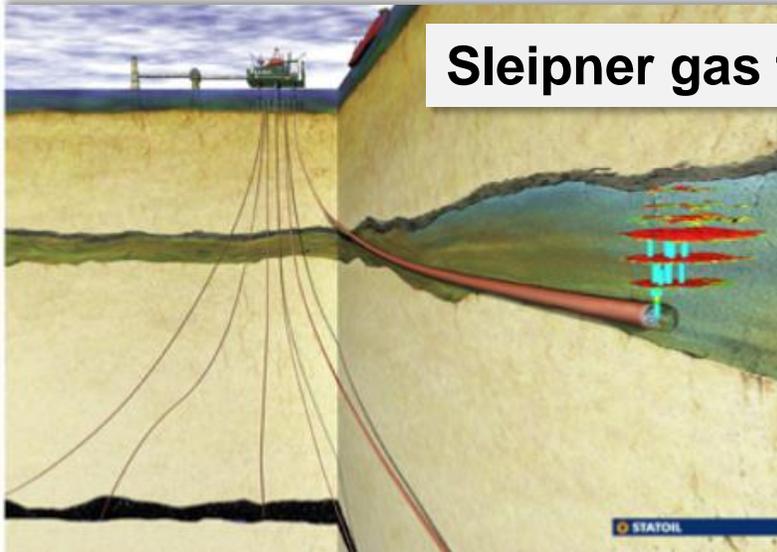


| Aquifer | Capacity Gt | Injectivity | Seal | Maturity | Data quality |
|---|-------------|-------------|------|----------|--------------|
| North Sea aquifers | | | | | |
| Utsira and Skade Formations | 15,8 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Bryne and Sandnes Formations | 13,6 | 2 | 2/3 | | |
| Sognefjord Delta East | 4,1 | 3 | 2/3 | | |
| Statfjord Group East | 3,6 | 2 | 3 | | |
| Gassum Formation | 2,9 | 3 | 2/3 | | |
| Farsund Basin | 2,3 | 2 | 2/3 | | |
| Johansen and Cook Formations | 1,8 | 2 | 3 | | |
| Fiskebank Formation | 1 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Norwegian Sea aquifers | | | | | |
| Garn and Ile Formations | 0,4 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Tilje and Åre Formations | 4 | 2 | 2/3 | | |
| Barents Sea aquifers | | | | | |
| Realgrunnen Subgroup, Bjarmeland Platform | 4,8 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Realgrunnen Subgroup, Hammerfest Basin | 2,5 | 3 | 2 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Evaluated prospects | | | | | |
| North Sea | 0,44 | | | | |
| Norwegian Sea | 0,17 | | | | |
| Barents Sea | 0,52 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Abandoned fields | | | | | |
| North Sea | 3 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Producing Fields_2050 | | | | | |
| North Sea 2050 | 10 | | | | |
| North Sea_Troll aquifer | 14 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Norwegian Sea | 1,1 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Barents Sea | 0,2 | | | | |

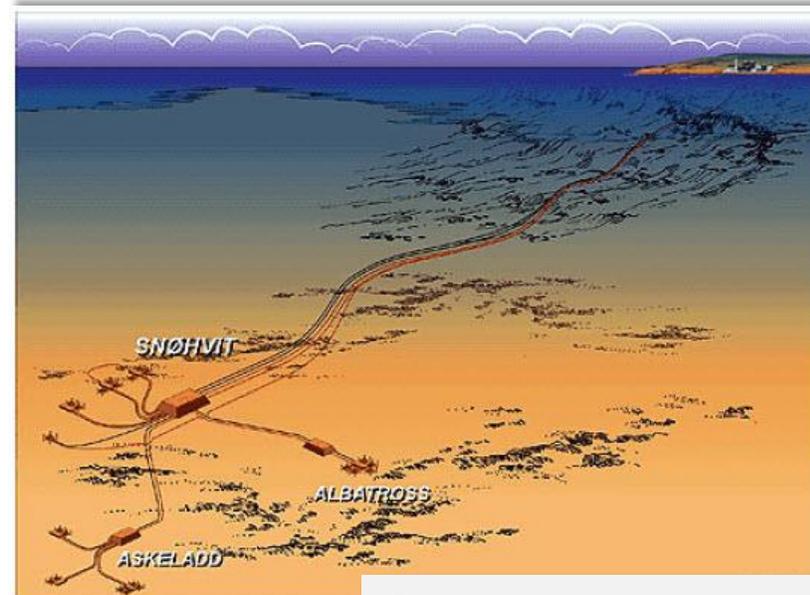
The Norwegian Experience



Sleipner gas field



Technology Centre
Mongstad (TCM)



Snøhvit gas field

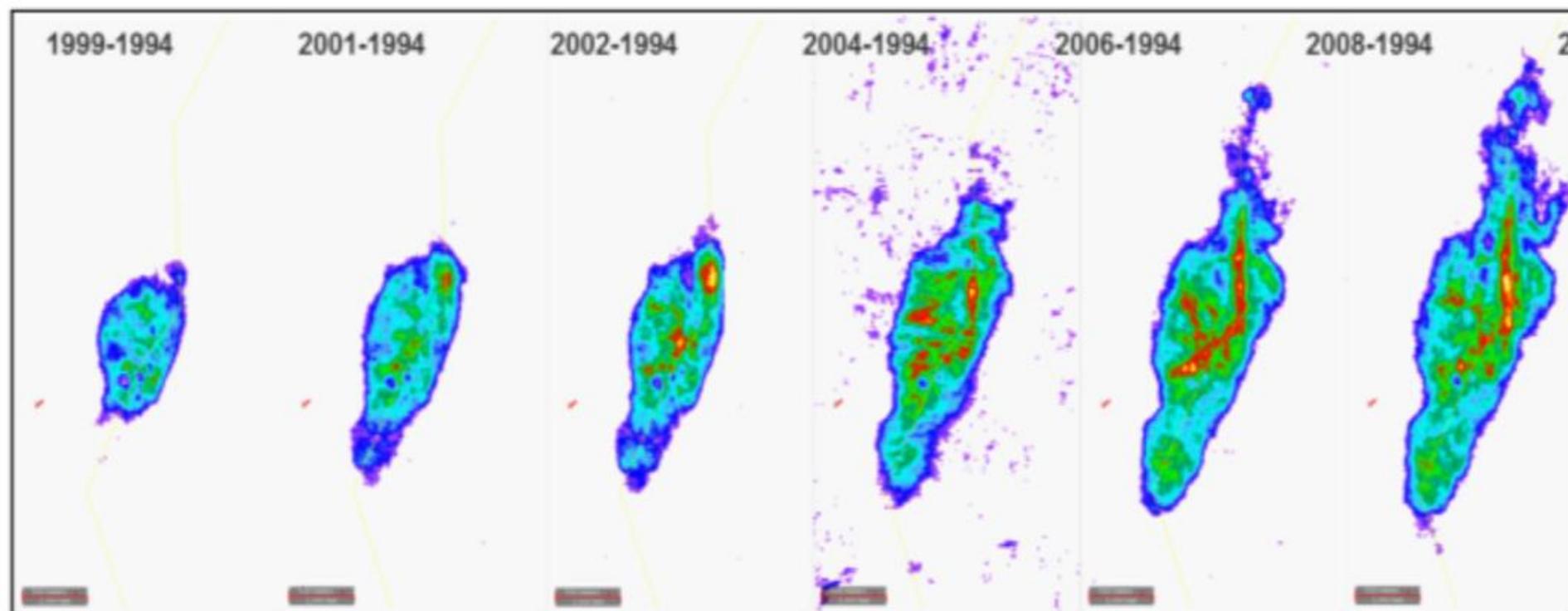
80 Billion tonnes

26 Million tonnes

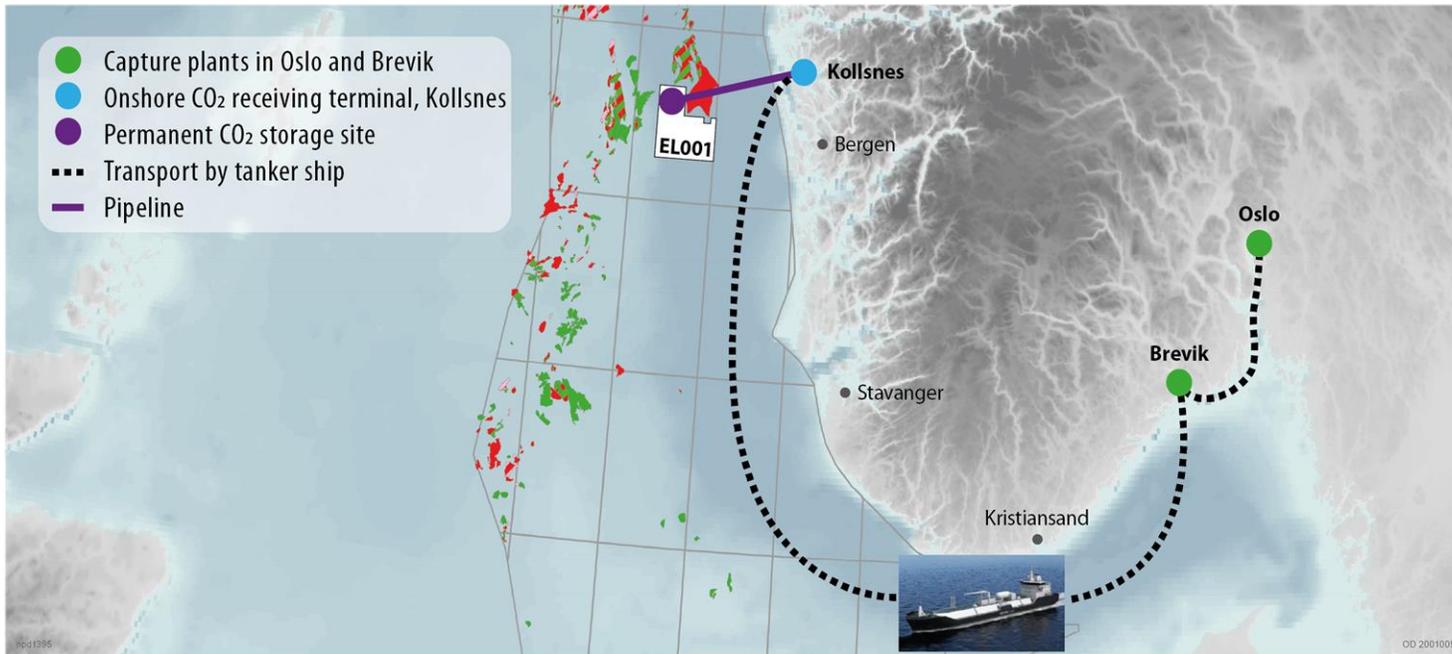
3 Licenses

Safe storage - Monitoring

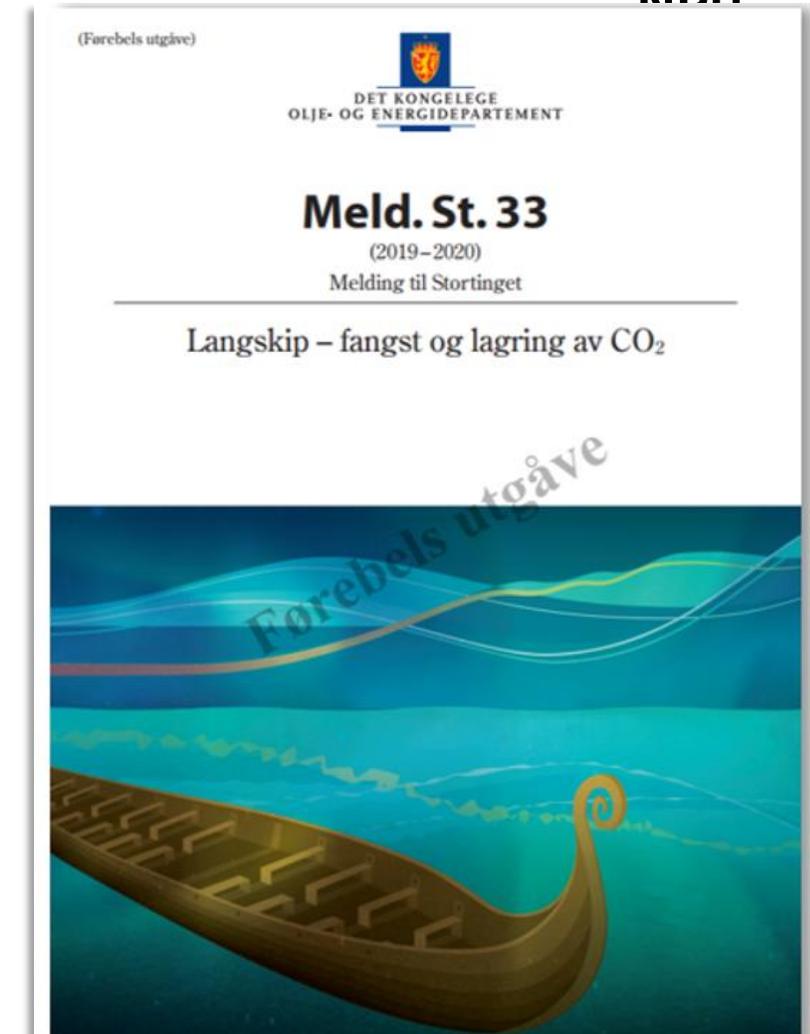
The Operator needs to be able to demonstrate and document that the actual behaviour of the CO₂ is in line with the modelled behaviour, and that the Storage Complex is developing “towards eternal stability”, cf. the Storage Regulation section 5-8.



Longship- a full scale CCS demonstration project

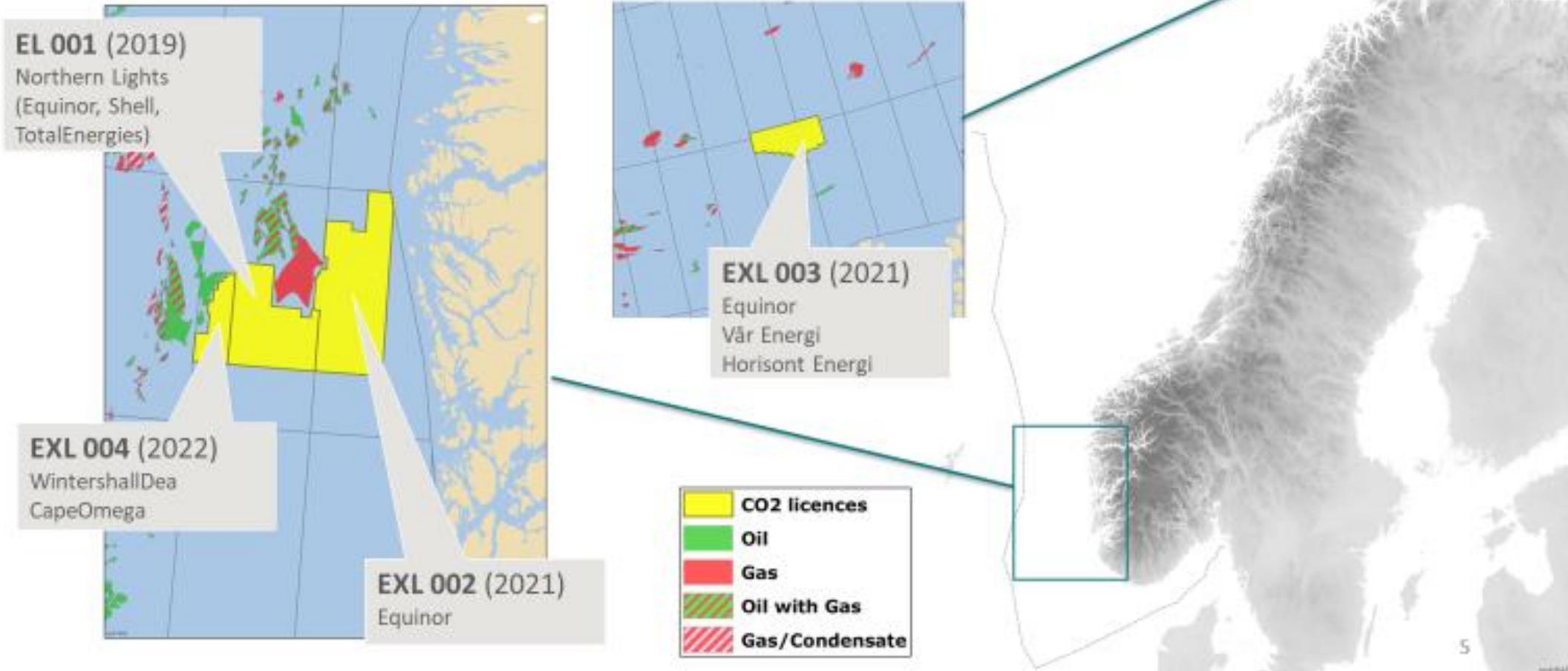


- Accelerate decarbonisation
- Develop a full-scale CCS value chain in Norway by 2024
- Contribute to developing technology for capture, transport and permanent storage of CO₂
- Facilitate a cost-effective solution for full-scale CO₂ management
- Demonstrate that CO₂ management are safe and possible
- Facilitate learning and cost reductions
- Facilitate business development
- Demonstrating the potential of this decarbonisation approach to Europe and the world



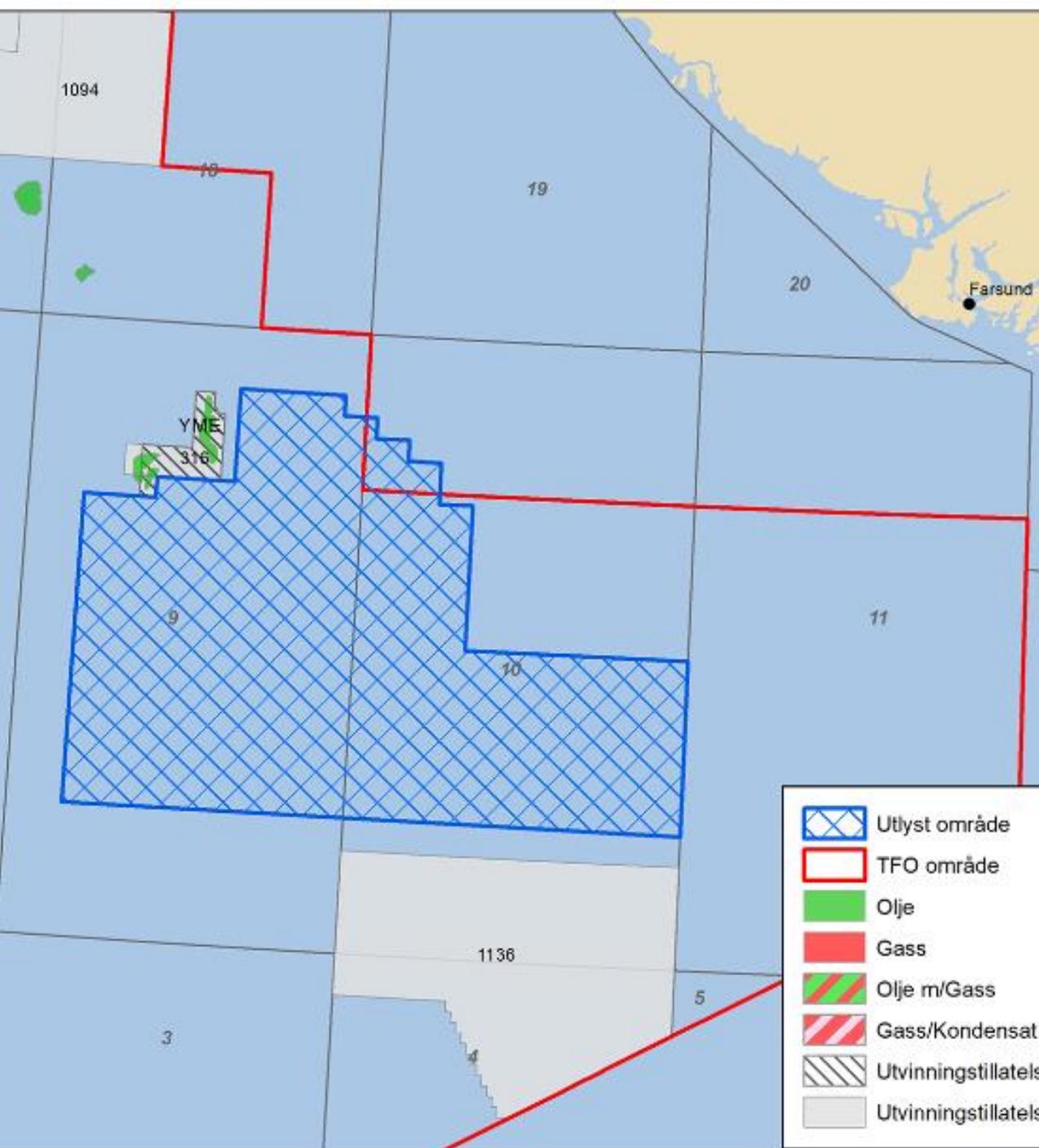
CO₂ storage licences awarded 2019-2022

Diverse range of players





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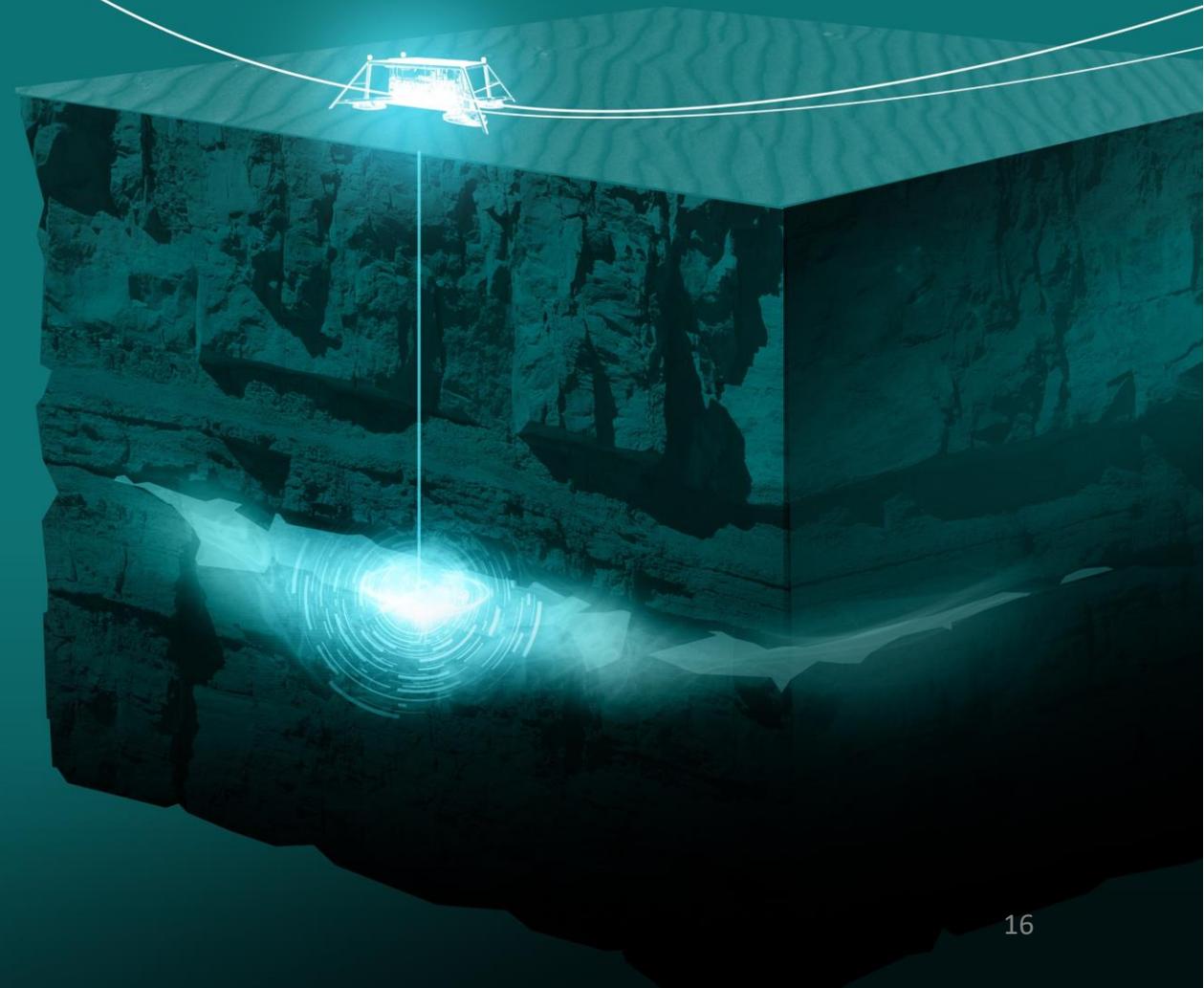


New area announced

The Norwegian Continental Shelf offers

- Significant CO₂ storage potential
- Safe storage proven by existing projects
- An established licensing process for carbon storage

... and we see continued interest for more acreage from a wide range of players



Thank you for your attention!

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