

# THE GAS HYDRATE STABILITY ZONE OF SVALBARD

Implications for hydrate occurrence

NFiP Sedimentary Gas Hydrate  
Workshop 2019

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**“Making Arctic Norway Sustainable”**

Outdoor laboratory of Svalbard

Negating Norway’s last coal fired  
powerplant



Longyearbyen CO2 Lab (2015), The Longyearbyen CO2 Lab Phase 2 Final Report, [http://co2-ccs.unis.no/Pdf/Longyearbyen CO2 lab Phase 2 Report\\_10\\_2015.pdf](http://co2-ccs.unis.no/Pdf/Longyearbyen%20lab%20Phase%20Report_10_2015.pdf)

PROJECT ORIGINS:  
LONGYEARBYEN CO<sub>2</sub> LAB OF ARCTIC NORWAY



Coal mines

CO2 sequestration site

Power plant

DH 1,2

Longyearbyen



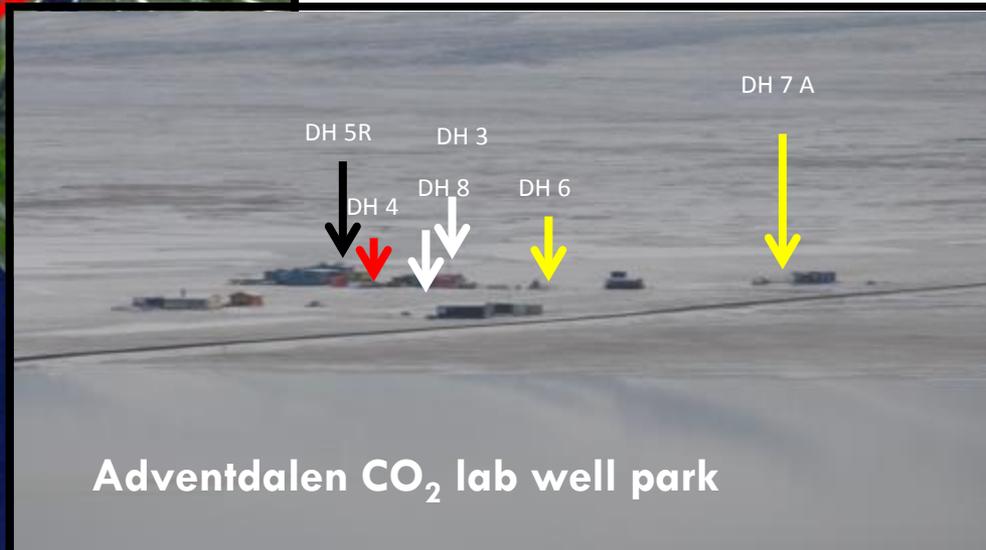
Initiated in 2007, Phase II completed in 2015

Coal source, power plant, and storage site within a 7 km radius

No land use conflict nor NIMBY



Longyearbyen CO2 Lab (2015), The Longyearbyen CO2 Lab Phase 2 Final Report, [http://co2-ccs.unis.no/Pdf/Longyearbyen\\_CO2\\_lab\\_Phase\\_2\\_Report\\_10\\_2015.pdf](http://co2-ccs.unis.no/Pdf/Longyearbyen_CO2_lab_Phase_2_Report_10_2015.pdf)



Adventdalen CO<sub>2</sub> lab well park

# PROJECT ORIGINS: CO<sub>2</sub> LAB KEY FINDINGS

An efficient **seal** for buoyant fluid (i.e. until 125 Bar) is confirmed

**High(er) pressure** near permafrost base (**overpressure**)

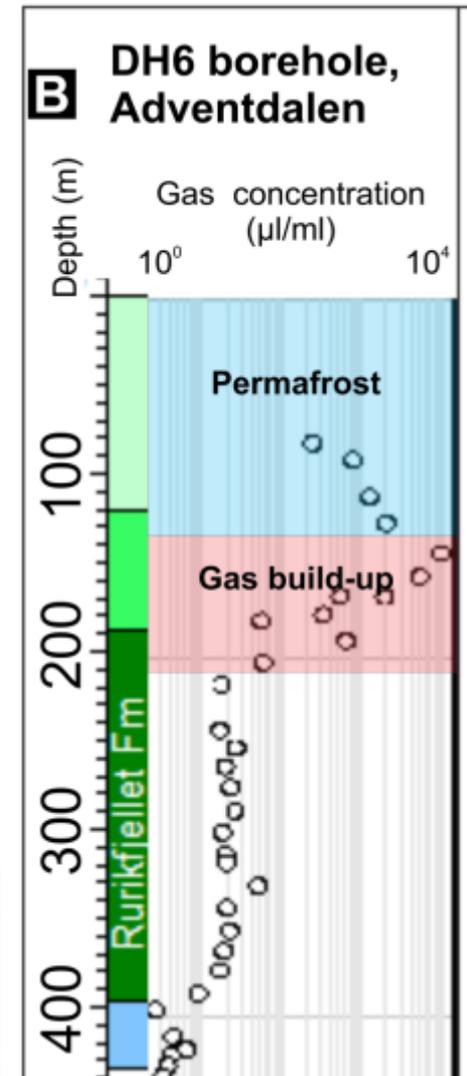
**Low pressure** reservoir (might change phase of CO<sub>2</sub>)

**Storage capacity** and **injectivity** is confirmed

**Fractures** are the main fluid flow conduits, very low matrix permeability

Unconventional segmented reservoir

**Natural gas** is present in the subsurface

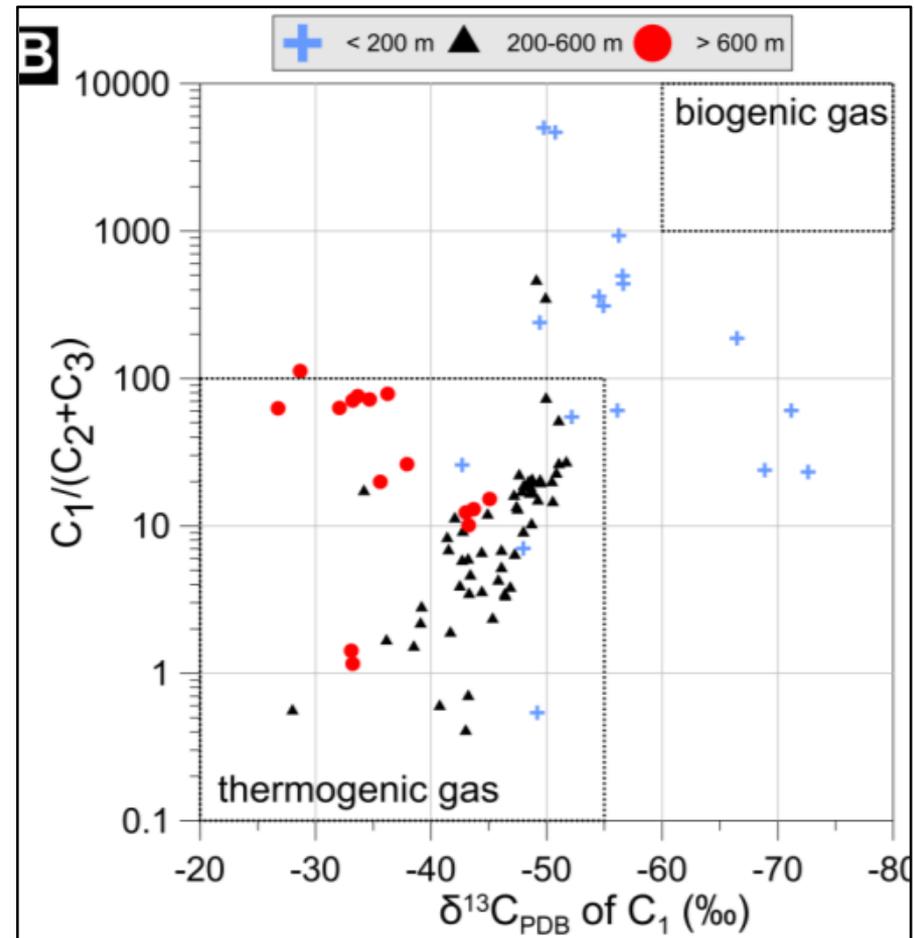


# SVALBARDIAN HYDRATES: SVALBARD HAS IT ALL

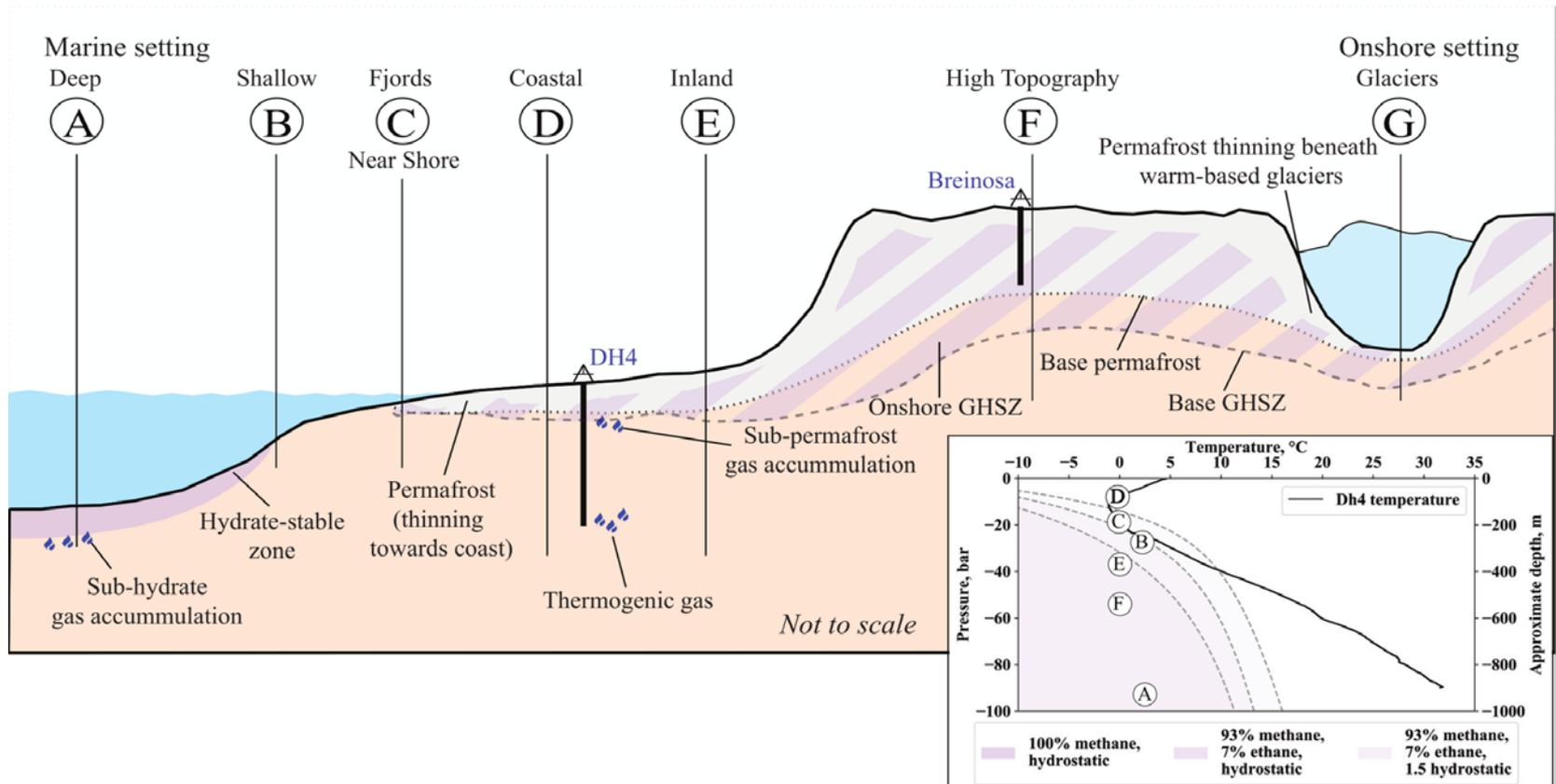
Extremely favourable temperature and pressure conditions

All five elements of the petroleum system are represented on Svalbard

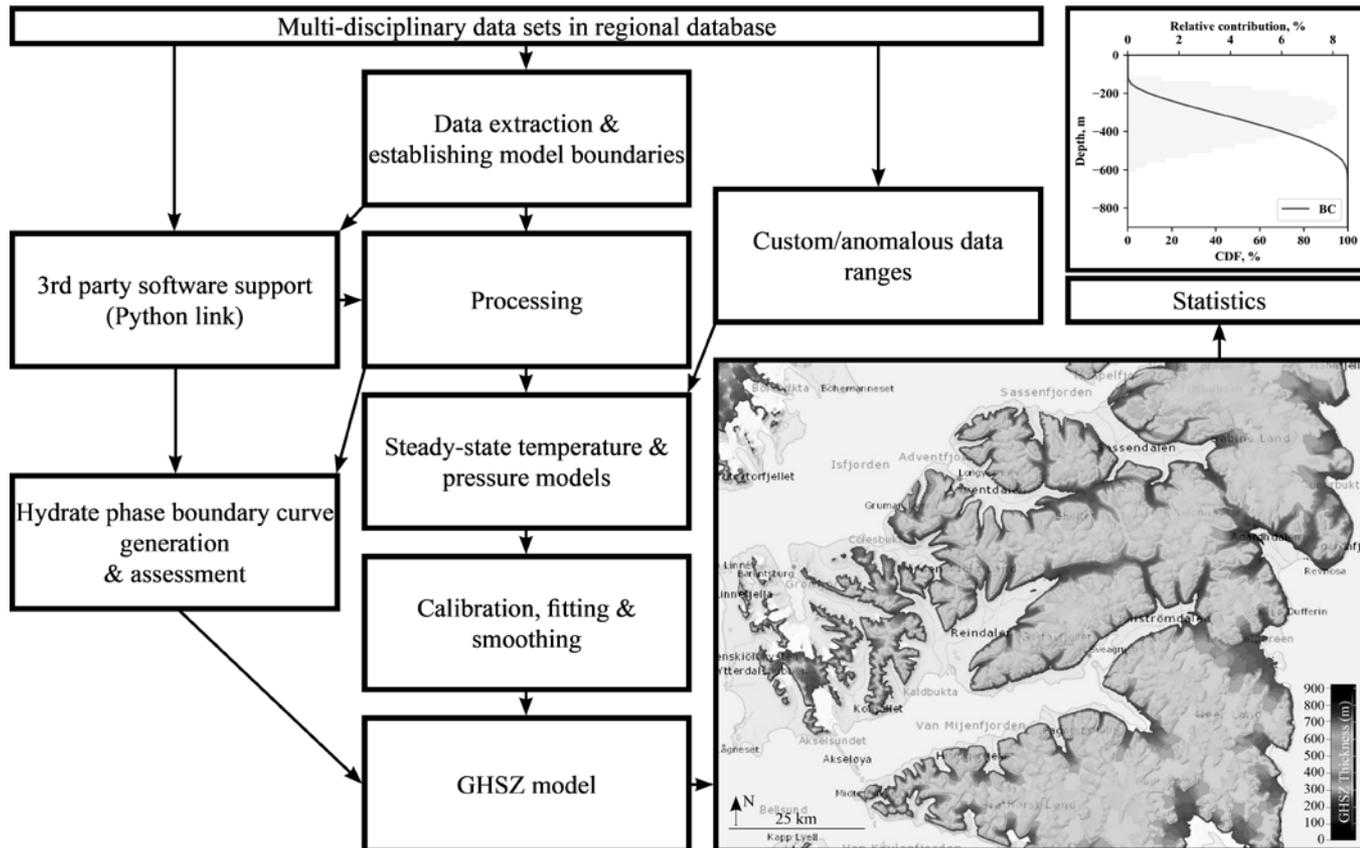
Hydrates observed offshore Svalbard (Vestnesa) – onshore?



# PROPOSED SETTINGS ON SVALBARD

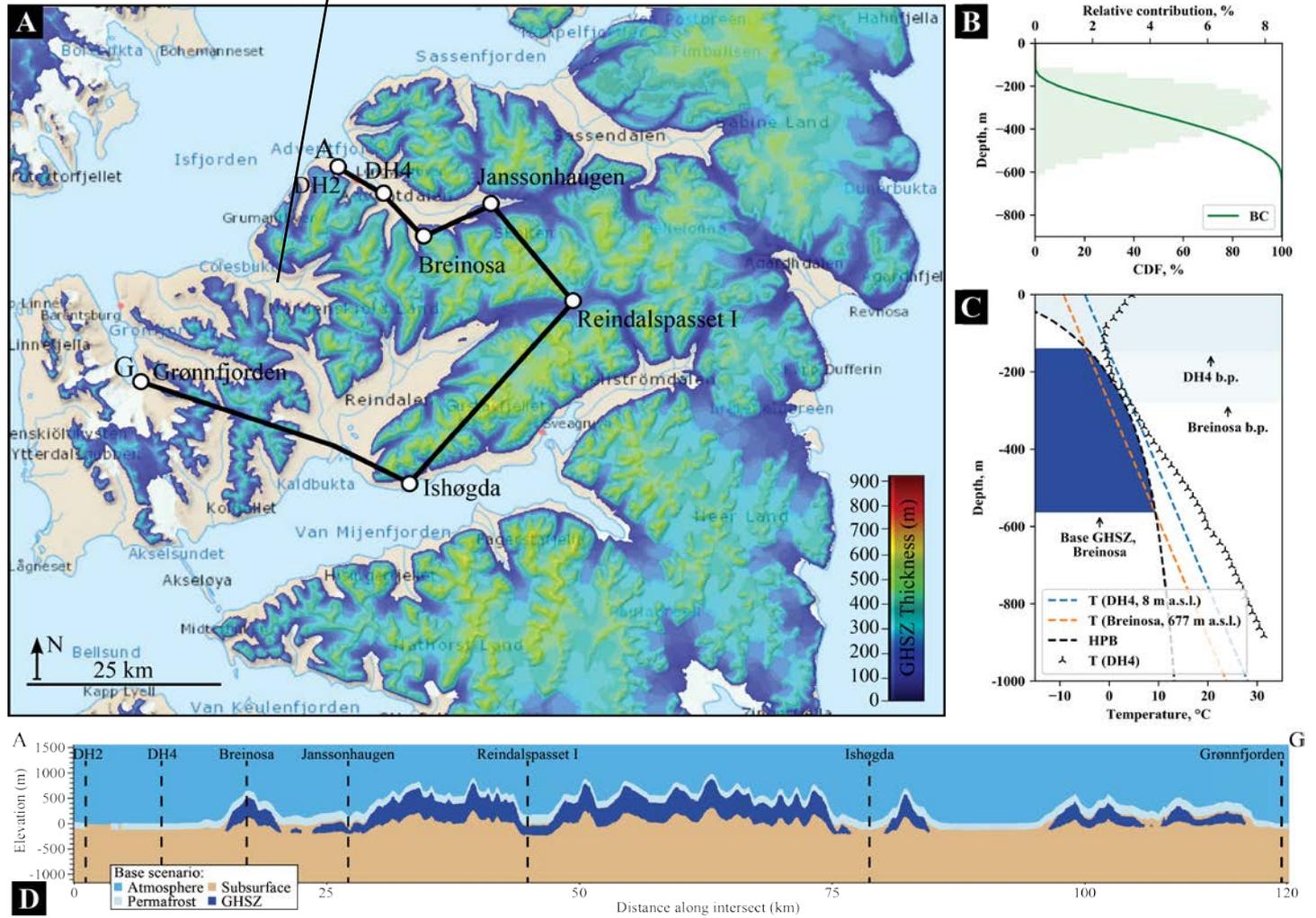


# STEADY-STATE HYDRATE WORKFLOW

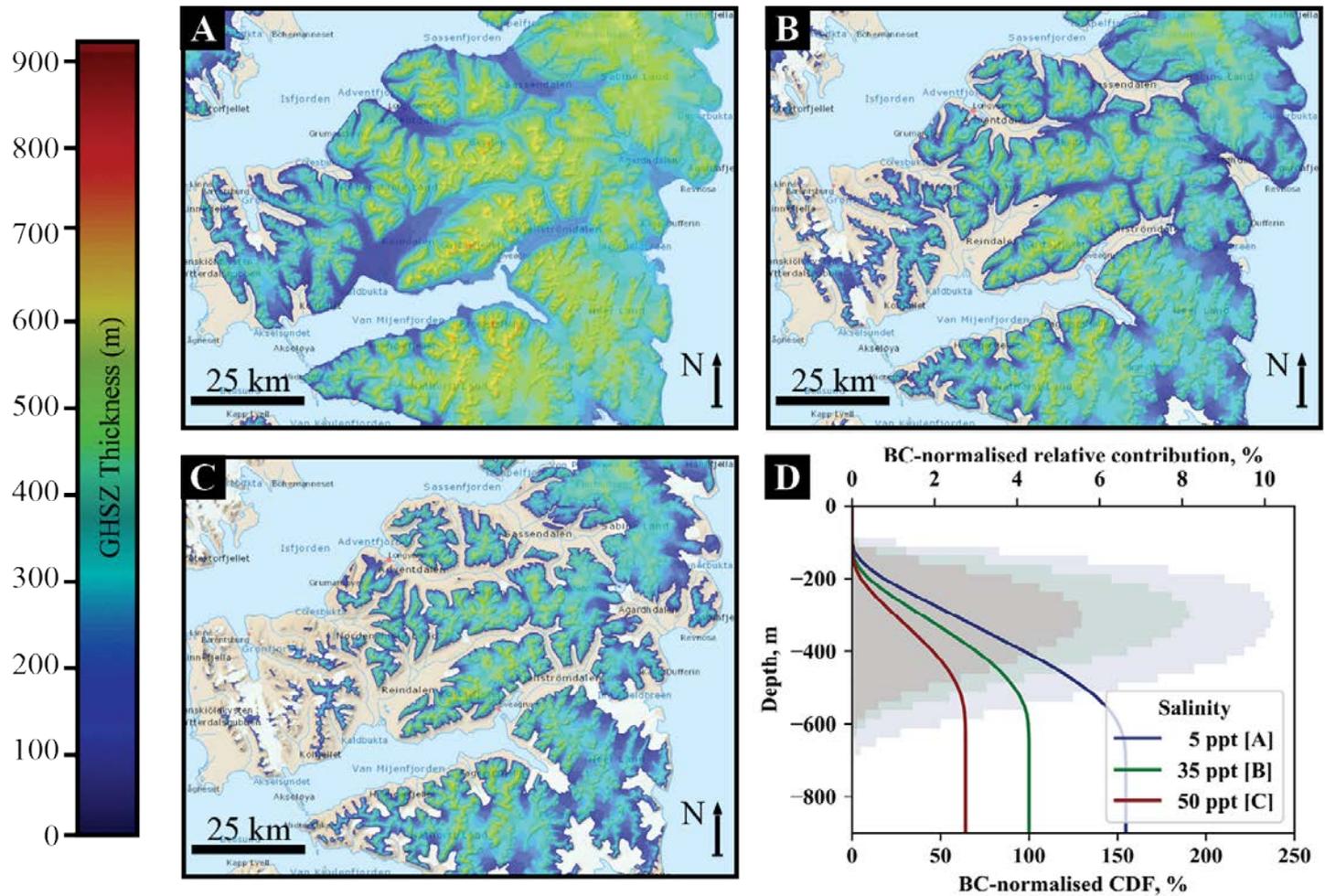


# CENTRAL SPITSBERGEN: A DETERMINISTIC BASE CASE

?Observation? by Store Norske

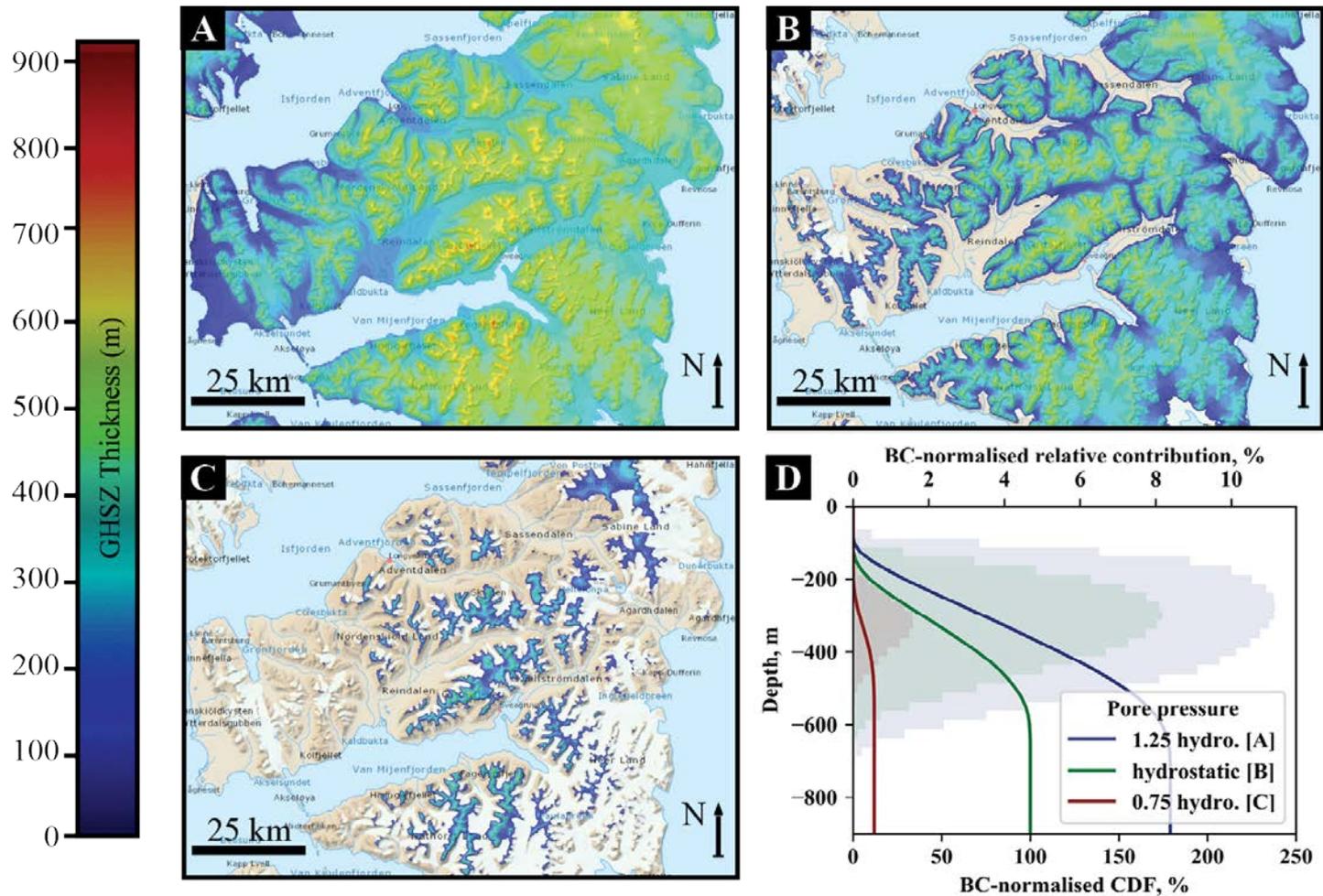


# A CASE-BASED APPROACH: PICKING THE CORRECT SCENARIO



Low salinity levels are (likely) observed further inland, mountainous setting, fresh-water aquifers

# A CASE-BASED APPROACH: PICKING THE CORRECT SCENARIO

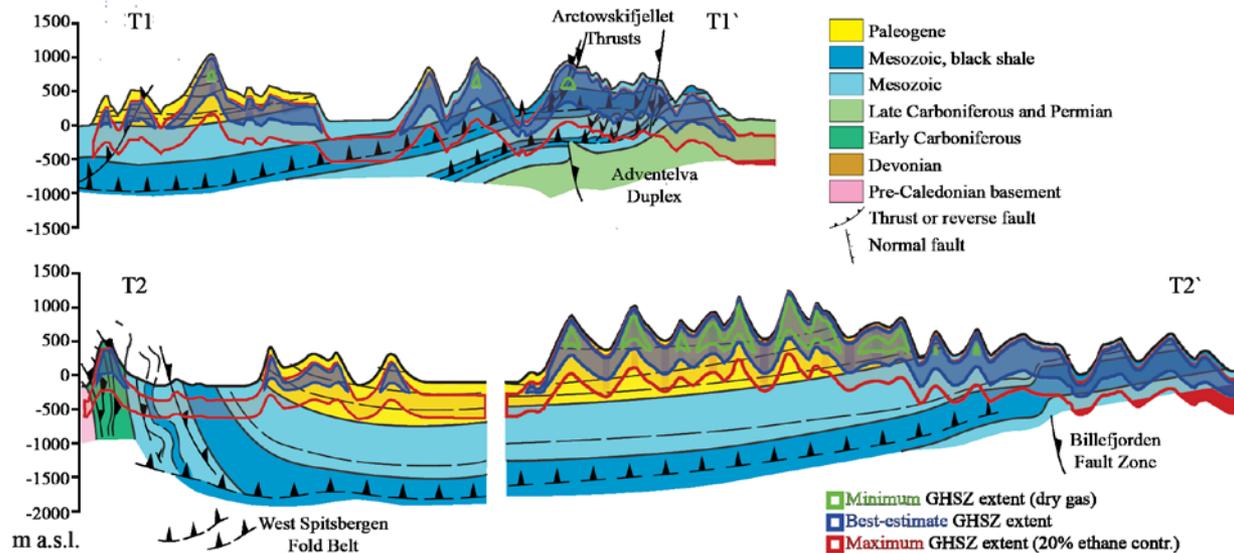
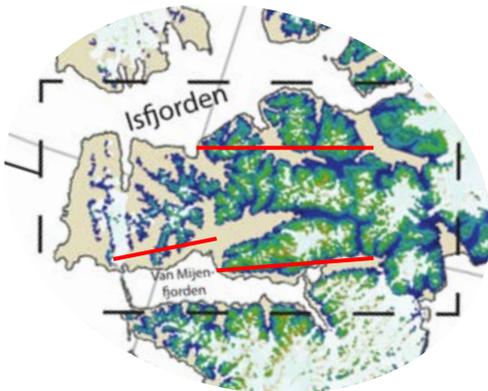


**Overpressure near base permafrost and at other heterogeneities (e.g., pingos)**

# HOST ROCKS AND SWEET SPOTS: WHERE TO EXPLORE NEXT?

Just some of the possibilities:

- Sandstone-dominated sequences of the Van Mijenfjorden Group (*Paleogene*);
- Lowermost coal-bearing Firkanten Formation (*Paleogene*);
- The Early Cretaceous **Helvetiafjellet Formation**;
- The Late Triassic-Middle Jurassic Wilhelmøya Subgroup;



# PINGOS



# SUMMARY AND FUTURE EFFORTS

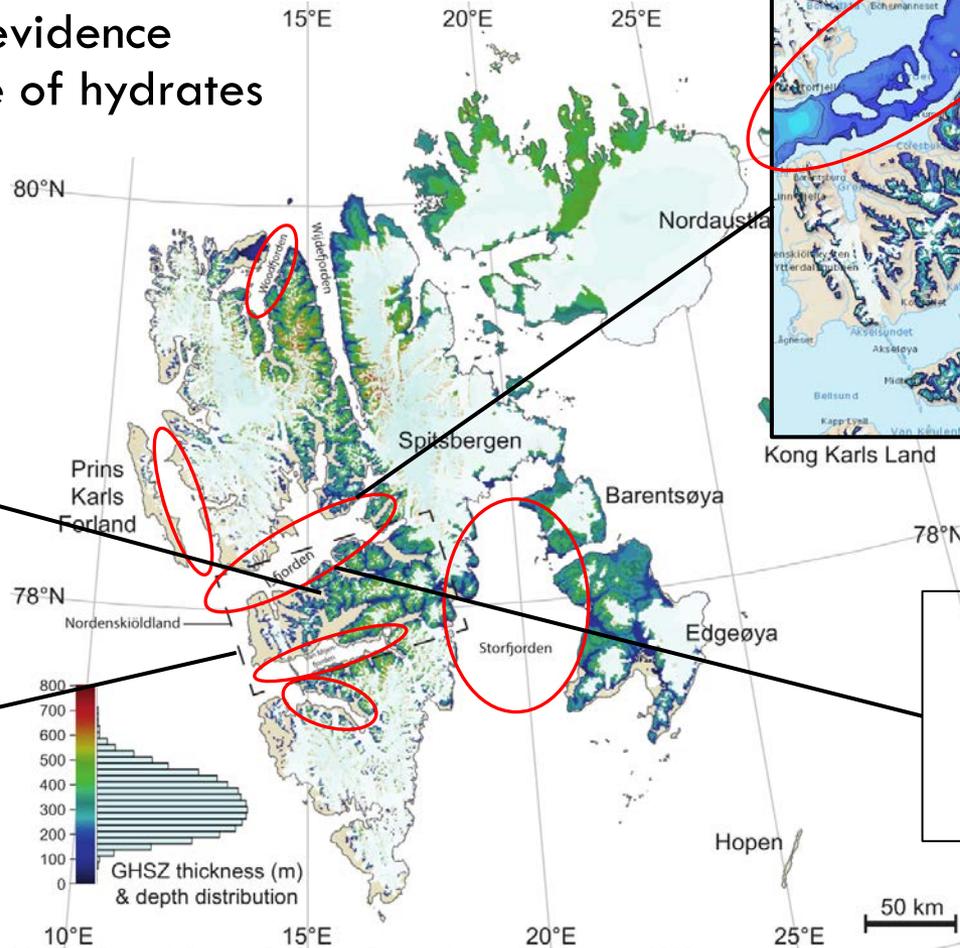
Strong indirect evidence for the presence of hydrates



**?Observation?  
by Store Norske**

**Pingos and other  
heterogeneities**

**CO2 hydrates  
form in lab-  
based core  
experiments**



Almenningen et al., manuscript  
 Minshull et al., submitted  
 Roy et al., "Gas Hydrate formation potential in the fjords of Svalbard" in Arctic Frontiers Conference, Tromsø, Norway, 22-27 January 2012.  
 Betlem, "3D Thermobaric Modelling of Central Spitsbergen - Implications for Gas Hydrate Occurrence". Skemman.is, Master's thesis, June 2018.